

Deliverable 2.21

Report on Techno-Economic Feasibility of Heterogeneous Catalysed Commercial Production of GVL from Levulinic Acid or Levulinic Ester

Demonstration of solvent and resin production from lignocellulosic biomass via the platform chemical levulinic acid

The project leading to this application has received funding from the Bio Based Industries Joint Undertaking under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 720695. The JU receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and the Bio-based Industries Consortium.









About GreenSolRes

The need to establish economic and sustainable large-scale operations for the conversion of renewable resources to chemical building blocks is becoming increasingly urgent in the context of climate change and depleting fossil fuel reservoirs. Pathways for manufacturing of bio-based fuels and chemicals have been developed but often rely on sugar and starch crops for feedstock. The European Demonstration project - GreenSolRes aims at a sustainable and competitive industrial production of the platform chemical levulinic acid (LVA) from non-food lignocellulosic biomass. Further, the conversion of LVA and LVA esters into industry relevant building blocks γ-valerolactone (GVL), 1-methyl-1,4-butanediol (MeBDO) and 2-methyltetrahydrofuran (2-MTHF) will take place by new catalytic methods developed during the course of this project. Finally, these chemicals will be upgraded to solvents and resin monomers to produce high added value adhesives and consumer products.

Project Coordinator



Project Office



Consortium

















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About this document

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Publishable Summary

Gamma-valerolactone (GVL) is an excellent and versatile solvent, which has been discussed in numerous publications and named as a potential alternative to the reprotoxic NMP. The possibility to manufacture GVL based on sustainable raw materials is a further benefit. However, it has never been produced on a large industrial scale.

Here a successful heterogeneous gas-phase hydrogenation of ethyl levulinate to GVL has been shown in a continuous mode. Various parameters such as temperature and catalyst load were optimized to improve the overall selectivity of GVL before scale-up. The heterogeneous gas-phase process was then successfully transferred from small scale to kg-scale. Further upscale of the developed process to industrial assets is possible.

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